GROUND WATER DISCHARGE PERMIT RENEWAL Pueblo Los Cerros, DP-131

I. INTRODUCTION

The New Mexico Environment Department (NMED) issues this Discharge Permit Renewal (Discharge Permit), DP-131, to the Pueblo Los Cerros Homeowners Association (permittee) pursuant to the New Mexico Water Quality Act (WQA), NMSA 1978 §§74-6-1 through 74-6-17, and the New Mexico Water Quality Control Commission (WQCC) Regulations, 20.6.2 NMAC.

NMED's purpose in issuing this Discharge Permit, and in imposing the requirements and conditions specified herein, is to control the discharge of water contaminants from the Pueblo Los Cerros (facility) into ground and surface water, so as to protect ground and surface water for present and potential future use as domestic and agricultural water supply and other uses and protect public health. In issuing this Discharge Permit, NMED has determined that the requirements of Subsection C of 20.6.2.3109 NMAC have been or will be met. Pursuant to Section 20.6.2.3104 NMAC, it is the responsibility of the permittee to comply with the terms and conditions of this Discharge Permit; failure may result in an enforcement action(s) by NMED (20.6.2.1220 NMAC).

The activities that produce the discharge, the location of the discharge, and the quantity, quality and flow characteristics of the discharge are briefly described as follows.

Up to 20,000 gallons per day (gpd) of domestic wastewater from a residential community is treated by an activated sludge treatment plant and disinfected. Treated and disinfected wastewater (i.e., reclaimed wastewater) is mixed with potable water, filtered through two sand filters, and discharged by sprinkler irrigation to 4.2 acres of residential landscaping. When residential landscape irrigation is not occurring, unmixed reclaimed wastewater is filtered through two sand filters, and discharged by spray irrigation to 0.25 acres of native grassland. The discharge contains water contaminants or toxic pollutants which may be elevated above the standards of Section 20.6.2.3103 NMAC. The facility is located at 1 Camino Los Cerros, Corrales, in Section 32, T12N, R03E, Sandoval County. Ground water most likely to be affected is at a depth of approximately 80 feet and has a total dissolved solids concentration of approximately 418 milligrams per liter.

The discharge contains water contaminants that may be elevated above the standards of Section 20.6.2.3103 NMAC and/or the presence of toxic pollutants as defined in Subsection WW of 20.6.2.7 NMAC.

The original Discharge Permit was issued on May 12, 1982 and subsequently renewed on April 22, 1987, August 25, 1992, April 22, 1998, March 9, 2004, and July 22, 2011. The application (i.e., discharge plan) consists of the materials submitted by the permittee dated April 13, 2016 and materials contained in the administrative record prior to issuance of this Discharge Permit. The discharge shall be managed in accordance with all conditions and requirements of this Discharge Permit.

Pursuant to Section 20.6.2.3109 NMAC, NMED reserves the right to require a Discharge Permit Modification in the event NMED determines that the requirements of 20.6.2 NMAC are being or may be violated or the standards of Section 20.6.2.3103 NMAC are being or may be violated. This may include a determination that structural controls and/or management practices approved under this Discharge Permit are not protective of groundwater quality, and that more stringent requirements to protect groundwater quality may be required by NMED. The permittee may be required to implement abatement of water pollution and remediate groundwater quality.

Issuance of this Discharge Permit does not relieve the permittee of the responsibility to comply with the WQA, WQCC Regulations, and any other applicable federal, state and/or local laws and regulations, such as zoning requirements and nuisance ordinances.

The following acronyms and abbreviations may be used in this Discharge Permit.

Abbreviation	Explanation		Abbreviation	Explanation	
BOD_5	biochemical oxygen demand (5-	lemand (5- NMED		New Mexico Environment	
	day)			Department	
CFR	Code of Federal Regulations		NMSA	New Mexico Statutes	
				Annotated	
CFU	Colony Forming Unit		NO ₃ -N	nitrate-nitrogen	
C1	chloride		NTU	nephelometric turbidity units	
EPA	United States Environmental		TDS	total dissolved solids	
	Protection Agency				
gpd	gallons per day		TKN	total Kjeldahl nitrogen	
LAA	land application area		total nitrogen	$= TKN + NO_3-N$	
LADS	land application data sheet(s)		TRC	Total Residual Chlorine	
mg/L	milligrams per liter		TSS	total suspended solids	
mL	milliliters		WQA	New Mexico Water Quality Act	
MPN	Most Probable Number		WQCC	Water Quality Control	
				Commission	
NMAC	New Mexico Administrative		WWTF	Wastewater Treatment Facility	
	Code				

II. FINDINGS

In issuing this Discharge Permit, NMED finds the following.

- 1. The permittee is discharging effluent or leachate from the facility so that such effluent or leachate may move directly or indirectly into groundwater within the meaning of Section 20.6.2.3104 NMAC.
- 2. The permittee is discharging effluent or leachate from the facility so that such effluent or leachate may move into groundwater of the State of New Mexico that has an existing concentration of 10,000 mg/L or less of TDS within the meaning of Subsection A of 20.6.2.3101 NMAC.

3. The discharge from the facility is not subject to any of the exemptions of Section 20.6.2.3105 NMAC.

III. AUTHORIZATION TO DISCHARGE

Pursuant to 20.6.2.3104 NMAC, it is the responsibility of the permittee to ensure that discharges authorized by this Discharge Permit are consistent with the terms and conditions herein.

The permittee is authorized to receive and treat up to 20,000 gallons per day (gpd) of domestic wastewater by an activated sludge treatment plant and disinfection. Treated and disinfected wastewater is mixed with potable water, filtered through two sand filters, and discharged by sprinkler irrigation to 4.2 acres of residential landscaping. When residential landscape irrigation is not occurring, unmixed reclaimed wastewater is filtered through two sand filters, and discharged by spray irrigation to 0.25 acres of native grassland.

IV. CONDITIONS

NMED issues this Discharge Permit for the discharge of water contaminants subject to the following conditions.

A. OPERATIONAL PLAN

#	Terms and Conditions
1.	The permittee shall implement the following operational plan to ensure compliance with Title 20, Chapter 6, Parts 2 and 4 NMAC. [Subsection C of 20.6.2.3109 NMAC]
2.	The permittee shall operate in a manner such that standards and requirements of Sections 20.6.2.3101 and 20.6.2.3103 NMAC are not violated. [20.6.2.3101 NMAC, 20.6.2.3103 NMAC, Subsection C of 20.6.2.3109 NMAC]

Operating Conditions

#	Terms and Conditions
3.	Treated wastewater discharged from the activated sludge treatment plant shall not exceed the following discharge limit.
	Total Nitrogen: 20 mg/L
	[Subsection C of 20.6.2.3109 NMAC]
4.	Class 1A reclaimed domestic wastewater discharged to the 4.2 acres of residential

#	Terms and Conditions				
	landscaping and 0.2 limits.	25 acres of nativ	e grassland shall no	ot exceed the follo	wing discharge
	Test	30-day Geometric Mean	30-day Average	<u>Maximum</u>	
	Fecal coliform	5 Org/100 mL	N/A	23 Org/100 mL	
	BOD ₅	N/A	10 mg/L	15 mg/L	
	Turbidity:	N/A	3 NTU	5 NTU	
	TRC	N/A	Monitor Only	Monitor Only	
	[Subsections B and	C of 20.6.2.310	9 NMAC, NMSA 1	978, § 74-6-5.D]	
5.	re-use area such th	at the amount or olling 12-month shall not be adju	n period. Excessing steel to account for	olied does not exce ive ponding shall	be prevented.
6.	reclaimed domestic a) The permittee s they are visible posted at the en reclaimed dome AREA IS IRI DRINK. AVIS RECOBRADA submitted to NS b) The reclaimed connections wi revision of the Mechanical Coc c) Above-ground ponding of was	wastewater. hall maintain sig and legible for the trance to re-use estic wastewater RIGATED WITH SO: ESTA ÁR AS - NO TOM MED for approvation domestic wastewater a New Mexico of the transport of	water systems shall systems or irriga Plumbing Code (1	panish at all re-use charge Permit. The ocations where puligns shall state: NO WASTEWATE ADA CON AGU wording and/or grading wells pursuant 4.8.2 NMAC) and water shall not result water consumptive	e areas such that e signs shall be olic exposure to OTICE: THIS R - DO NOT VAS NEGRAS aphics may be r indirect cross at to the latest d New Mexico alt in excessive we needs of the

Terms and Conditions d) The discharge of reclaimed domestic wastewater shall be confined to the re-use area. e) Water supply wells within 200 feet of a re-use area shall have adequate wellhead construction pursuant to 19.27.4 NMAC. Re-use shall be managed to ensure protection of groundwater quality. f) Existing and accessible portions of the reclaimed domestic wastewater distribution system (with the exception of application equipment such as sprinklers or pivots) shall be colored purple or clearly labeled as being part of a reclaimed domestic wastewater distribution system. Piping, valves and outlets that are installed during the term of this Discharge Permit shall be colored purple pursuant to the latest revision of the New Mexico Plumbing Code (14.8.2 NMAC) and New Mexico Mechanical Code (14.9.2 NAMC) to differentiate piping or fixtures used to convey reclaimed wastewater from those intended for potable or other uses. Valves, outlets, and sprinkler heads used in reclaimed wastewater systems shall be accessible only to authorized personnel. [Subsections B and C of 20.6.2.3109 NMAC, NMSA 1978, § 74-6-5.D] 7. The permittee shall meet the following setbacks, access restrictions and equipment requirements for spray irrigation using Class 1A reclaimed domestic wastewater. a) Irrigation using reclaimed domestic wastewater shall be postponed at times when windy conditions may result in drift of reclaimed wastewater outside the re-use area. b) Reclaimed domestic wastewater shall be applied at times and in a manner that minimizes public contact. c) The spray irrigation system shall be limited to low trajectory spray nozzles. [Subsections B and C of 20.6.2.3109 NMAC, NMSA 1978, § 74-6-5.D] 8. The permittee shall institute a backflow prevention method to protect wells and public water supply systems from contamination by reclaimed domestic wastewater prior to discharging to the re-use area. Backflow prevention shall be achieved by a total disconnect (physical air gap separation between the discharge pipe and the liquid surface at least twice the diameter of the discharge pipe), or by a reduced pressure principal backflow prevention assembly (RP) installed on the line between the fresh water supply wells or public water supply and the reclaimed domestic wastewater delivery system. Backflow prevention shall be maintained at all times. RP devices shall be inspected and tested by a certified backflow prevention assembly tester at the time of installation, repair or relocation and at least on an annual basis thereafter. The backflow prevention assembly tester shall have successfully completed a 40-hour backflow prevention course based on the University of Southern California's Backflow Prevention Standards and Test Procedures, and obtained certification demonstrating completion. A malfunctioning RP device shall be repaired or replaced within 30 days of discovery, and use of all supply lines associated with the RP device shall cease until repair or replacement has been completed. Copies of the inspection and

#	Terms and Conditions
	maintenance records and test results for each RP device associated with the backflow prevention program shall be maintained at a location available for inspection by NMED.
	[Subsection C of 20.6.2.3109 NMAC]
9.	The permittee shall maintain fences around the WWTF and the entire 0.25 acres of native grassland receiving reclaimed wastewater to control access by the general public and animals. The fences shall consist of a minimum of six-foot chain link or field fencing and locking gates. Fences shall be maintained throughout the term of this Discharge Permit. [Subsections B and C of 20.6.2.3109 NMAC, NMSA 1978, § 74-6-5.D]
10.	The permittee shall maintain signs indicating that the wastewater at the facility is not potable. Signs shall be posted at the facility entrance and other areas where there is potential for public contact with wastewater. All signs shall be printed in English and Spanish and shall remain visible and legible for the term of this Discharge Permit. [Subsections B and C of 20.6.2.3109 NMAC, NMSA 1978, § 74-6-5.D]
11.	The permittee shall properly manage all solids generated by the treatment system to maintain effective operation by removing solids as necessary in accordance with accepted process control methods. Solids removed from the treatment process shall be contained, transported, and disposed of in accordance with all local, state, and federal regulations. The permittee shall maintain manifests for all solids transported from the treatment facility for off-site disposal. The manifests shall identify the date, volume of solids removed and method of disposal. The manifests shall be made available to NMED upon request.
	[Subsection A of 20.6.2.3107 NMAC, Subsection C of 20.6.2.3109 NMAC]
12.	The permittee shall utilize operators, certified by the State of New Mexico at the appropriate level pursuant to 20.7.4 NMAC, to operate the wastewater collection, treatment and disposal systems. The operations and maintenance of all or any part of the wastewater system shall be performed by, or under the direct supervision of, a certified operator.
	[Subsection C of 20.6.2.3109 NMAC, 20.7.4 NMAC]

B. MONITORING AND REPORTING

#	Terms and Conditions
13.	The permittee shall conduct the following monitoring, reporting, and other requirements listed below in accordance with the monitoring requirements of this Discharge Permit.
	[Subsection A of 20.6.2.3107 NMAC, Subsection C of 20.6.2.3109 NMAC]
14.	 METHODOLOGY - Unless otherwise approved in writing by NMED, the permittee shall conduct sampling and analysis in accordance with the most recent edition of the following documents. a) American Public Health Association, Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater b) U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Methods for Chemical Analysis of Water and Waste c) U.S. Geological Survey, Techniques for Water Resources Investigations of the U.S. Geological Survey d) American Society for Testing and Materials, Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Part 31. Water e) U.S. Geological Survey, et al., National Handbook of Recommended Methods for Water Data Acquisition f) Federal Register, latest methods published for monitoring pursuant to Resource Conservation and Recovery Act regulations g) Methods of Soil Analysis: Part 1. Physical and Mineralogical Methods; Part 2. Microbiological and Biochemical Properties; Part 3. Chemical Methods, American Society of Agronomy [Subsection B of 20.6.2.3107 NMAC]
15.	The permittee shall submit quarterly monitoring reports to NMED for the most recently completed quarterly period by the 1 st of February, May, August and November each year. Quarterly monitoring shall be performed during the following periods and submitted as follows: January 1 st through March 31 st (first quarter) – due by May 1 st ; April 1 st through June 30 th (second quarter) – due by August 1 st ; July 1 st through September 30 th (third quarter) – due by November 1 st ; and October 1 st through December 31 st (fourth quarter) – due by February 1 st . [Subsection A of 20.6.2.3107 NMAC]

Facility Monitoring Conditions

#	Terms and Conditions
16.	The permittee shall measure the monthly volume of potable water mixed with reclaimed wastewater using a totalizing flow meter. The monthly meter readings and monthly potable water volumes shall be submitted to NMED in the quarterly monitoring reports. The flow meter shall be calibrated to within +/- 10% of actual flow and kept operational at all times.
	[20.6.2.3107 NMAC, 20.6.2.3109 NMAC]
17.	The permittee shall measure the monthly volume of treated wastewater discharged from the treatment system using a totalizing flow meter. The monthly meter readings and monthly discharge volumes shall be submitted to NMED in the quarterly monitoring reports. The flow meter shall be calibrated to within +/- 10% of actual flow and kept operational at all times.
	The permittee shall maintain a log that records the date that discharges occur to the 4.2 acres of residential landscaping or 0.25 acres of native grassland, monthly totalizing meter readings and units of measurement. The log shall be used to calculate the total monthly volume of reclaimed domestic wastewater discharged to the 4.2 acres of residential landscaping or 0.25 acres of native grassland. The monthly volume discharged to the 4.2 acres of residential landscaping and 0.25 acres of native grassland shall be used on the LADS to calculate nitrogen loading. A copy of the log shall be submitted to NMED in the quarterly monitoring reports.
	[Subsection A of 20.6.2.3107 NMAC, Subsections C and H of 20.6.2.3109 NMAC]
18.	The permittee shall sample on a quarterly basis treated wastewater discharged from the activated sludge treatment plant's chlorine contact chamber and analyze the samples for NO ₃ -N, TKN, TDS, and Cl. Samples shall be properly prepared, preserved, transported and analyzed in accordance with the methods authorized in this Discharge Permit. Analytical results shall be submitted to NMED in the quarterly monitoring reports. [20.6.2.3107 NMAC]
19.	All flow meters shall be capable of having their accuracy verified under actual working (field) conditions. A field verification method shall be developed for each flow meter and that method shall be used to check the accuracy of each respective meter. Field calibrations shall be performed upon repair or replacement of a flow measurement device and, at a minimum, once within 90 days of the effective date of this Discharge Permit.
	Flow meters shall be calibrated to within plus or minus 10 percent of actual flow, as measured under field conditions. Field calibrations shall be performed by an individual knowledgeable in flow measurement and in the installation/operation of the particular

Terms and Conditions device in use. A flow meter calibration report shall be prepared for each flow measurement device at the frequency calibration is required. The flow meter calibration report shall include the following information. a) The location and meter identification. b) The method of flow meter field calibration employed. c) The measured accuracy of each flow meter prior to adjustment indicating the positive or negative offset as a percentage of actual flow as determined by an in-field calibration check. d) The measured accuracy of each flow meter following adjustment, if necessary, indicating the positive or negative offset as a percentage of actual flow of the meter. e) Any flow meter repairs made during the previous year or during field calibration. The permittee shall maintain records of flow meter calibration(s) at a location accessible for review by NMED during facility inspections. [Subsection A of 20.6.2.3107 NMAC, Subsections C and H of 20.6.2.3109 NMAC] 20. The permittee shall visually inspect flow meters on a monthly basis for evidence of malfunction. If a visual inspection indicates a flow meter is not functioning as required by this Discharge Permit, the permittee shall repair or replace the meter within 30 days of discovery. For repaired meters, the permittee shall submit a report to NMED with the next monitoring report following the repair that includes a description of the malfunction; a statement verifying the repair; and a flow meter field calibration report completed in accordance with the requirements of this Discharge Permit. replacement meters, the permittee shall submit a report to NMED with the next monitoring report following the replacement that includes a design schematic for the device and a flow meter field calibration report completed in accordance with the requirements of this Discharge Permit. [Subsection A of 20.6.2.3107 NMAC, Subsection C of 20.6.2.3109 NMAC] 21. During any week that the discharge of reclaimed domestic wastewater occurs, the permittee shall perform the following analyses on reclaimed domestic wastewater samples collected after the sand filters using the following sampling method and frequency: Fecal coliform or E. coli bacteria: grab sample at peak daily flow once per week. BOD5: six-hour composite sample once per two weeks. Turbidity: six-hour composite sample three times per week; and TRC concentrations: record whenever bacteria samples are collected. Samples shall be properly prepared, preserved, transported and analyzed in accordance with the methods authorized in this Discharge Permit. Analytical results and a copy of the log of TRC concentrations shall be submitted to NMED in the quarterly monitoring reports.

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	[Subsection A of 20.6.2.3107 NMAC, Subsections B, C and H of 20.6.2.3109 NMAC, NMSA 1978, § 74-6-5.D]
22.	The permittee shall complete LADS (copy enclosed) on a monthly basis that document the amount of nitrogen applied to the 4.2 acres of residential landscaping and 0.25 acres of native grassland during the most recent 12 months. The LADS shall reflect the total nitrogen concentration from the most recent wastewater analysis and the measured discharge volumes to the 4.2 acres of residential landscaping and 0.25 acres of native grassland for each month. The LADS shall be completed with information above or shall include a statement that application of wastewater did not occur. The LADS shall be submitted to NMED in the quarterly monitoring reports. [Subsection A of 20.6.2.3107 NMAC, Subsection C of 20.6.2.3109 NMAC]
23.	The permittee shall keep a log (copy enclosed) of all additional nitrogenous fertilizer applied to the 4.2 acres of residential landscaping and 0.25 acres of native grassland within the re-use area. The log shall contain the date of fertilizer application, the type (organic or inorganic) and form (granular or liquid), nitrogen concentration (in percent), the amount of fertilizer applied (in pounds per acre), and the amount of nitrogen applied (in pounds per acre) for each location. The log, or a statement that application of fertilizer did not occur, shall be submitted to NMED in the quarterly monitoring reports. [Subsection A of 20.6.2.3107 NMAC]
24.	Records of solids disposal, including the volume of solids removed, and copies of all manifests for the previous calendar year shall be submitted to NMED annually in the monitoring report due by August 1 st each year. [Subsection A of 20.6.2.3107 NMAC]

C. CONTINGENCY PLAN

#	Terms and Conditions
25.	In the event that a groundwater quality standard identified in Section 20.6.2.3103 NMAC is exceeded, the total nitrogen concentration in groundwater exceeds 10 mg/L, or a toxic pollutant as defined in Section 20.6.2.7 NMAC is present in groundwater during the term of this Discharge Permit, upon closure of the facility or during the implementation of post-closure requirements, the permittee shall submit to NMED a corrective action plan that proposes, at a minimum, source control measures and an implementation schedule. The plan shall be enacted as approved by NMNED.
	The permittee may be required to abate water pollution consistent with the requirements

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	and provisions of Section 20.6.24101, Section 20.6.2.4103, Subsections C and E of 20.6.2.4106, Section 20.6.2.4107, Section 20.6.2.4108 amd Section 20.6.2.4112 NMAC [Subsection A of 20.6.2.3107 NMAC, Subsection E of 20.6.2.3109 NMAC]
26.	In the event that analytical results of a quarterly treated wastewater sample indicate an exceedance of the total nitrogen discharge limit set in this Discharge Permit, the permittee shall collect and analyze a second confirmation sample within 48 hours of receipt of the first sample analysis results. In the event the second sample results indicate that the discharge limit is continuing to be exceeded, the following contingency plan shall be enacted. a) Within 7 days of the second sample analysis date indicating that the discharge limit is continuing to be exceeded, the permittee shall: i) notify NMED that the contingency plan is being enacted; and ii) submit a copy of the first and second analytical results indicating an exceedance to NMED. b) The permittee shall increase the frequency of total nitrogen wastewater sampling and analysis of treated wastewater to once per month. c) The permittee shall examine the operation and maintenance log, required by the Record Keeping conditions of this Discharge Permit, for improper operational procedures. d) The permittee shall conduct a physical inspection of the treatment system to detect abnormalities. Any abnormalities discovered shall be corrected. A report detailing the corrections made shall be submitted to NMED within 30 days of correction. e) In the event that any analytical results from monthly wastewater sampling indicate an exceedance of the total nitrogen discharge limit, the permittee shall propose to modify operational procedures and/or upgrade the treatment process to achieve the total nitrogen limit by submitting a corrective action plan to NMED for approval. The plan shall include a schedule for completion of corrective actions and shall be submitted within 90 days of the second sample analysis date indicating that the discharge limit is continuing to be exceeded. The permittee shall initiate implementation of the plan following approval by NMED. When analytical results from three consecutive months of wastewater sampling do not exceed the discha
27.	In the event that analytical results of a reclaimed domestic wastewater sample indicates an exceedance of any of the 30-day average discharge limits for BODs, turbidity, or fecal
	coliform or E. coli bacteria set by this Discharge Permit (i.e., confirmed exceedance), the contingency plan below shall be enacted.
	Contingency Plan

Terms and Conditions a) Within 24 hours of becoming aware of a confirmed exceedance (as identified above), the permittee shall: i) notify NMED that the contingency plan is being enacted; and ii) submit copies of the recent analytical results indicating an exceedance to NMED. b) The permittee shall immediately cease discharging reclaimed domestic wastewater to the the 4.2 acres of residential landscaping and all wastewater shall be discharged to the 0.25 acres of native grassland. c) The permittee shall examine the operation and maintenance log, required by the Record Keeping conditions of this Discharge Permit, for improper operational procedures. d) The permittee shall conduct a physical inspection of the treatment system to detect abnormalities. Any abnormalities discovered shall be corrected. A report detailing the corrections made shall be submitted to NMED within 30 days following correction. When the analytical results from samples of reclaimed domestic wastewater, sampled as required by this Discharge Permit, no longer indicate an exceedance of any of the maximum discharge limits, the permittee may resume discharging reclaimed domestic wastewater to the re-use area. If a facility is required to enact the contingency plan more than two times in a 12-month period, the permittee shall propose to modify operational procedures and/or upgrade the treatment process to achieve consistent compliance with the maximum and 30-day average discharge limits by submitting a corrective action plan for NMED approval. The plan shall include a schedule for completion of corrective actions and shall be submitted within 60 days following the second sample analysis date. The permittee shall initiate implementation of the plan following approval by NMED. Prior to recommencing discharge to the re-use area, additional sampling of any stored reclaimed domestic wastewater may be required by NMED in response to the submitted corrective action plan. [Subsection A of 20.6.2.3107 NMAC, Subsection C of 20.6.2.3109 NMAC] 28. In the event that a release (commonly known as a "spill") occurs that is not authorized under this Discharge Permit, the permittee shall take measures to mitigate damage from the unauthorized discharge and initiate the notifications and corrective actions required in Section 20.6.2.1203 NMAC and summarized below. Within 24 hours following discovery of the unauthorized discharge, the permittee shall verbally notify NMED and provide the following information. a) The name, address, and telephone number of the person or persons in charge of the facility, as well as of the owner and/or operator of the facility. b) The name and address of the facility. c) The date, time, location, and duration of the unauthorized discharge.

#	Terms and Conditions
	 d) The source and cause of unauthorized discharge. e) A description of the unauthorized discharge, including its estimated chemical composition. f) The estimated volume of the unauthorized discharge. g) Any actions taken to mitigate immediate damage from the unauthorized discharge.
	Within <u>one week</u> following discovery of the unauthorized discharge, the permittee shall submit written notification to NMED with the information listed above and any pertinent updates.
	Within <u>15 days</u> following discovery of the unauthorized discharge, the permittee shall submit a corrective action report/plan to NMED describing any corrective actions taken and/or to be taken relative to the unauthorized discharge that includes the following information.
	a) A description of proposed actions to mitigate damage from the unauthorized discharge.b) A description of proposed actions to prevent future unauthorized discharges of this
	nature. c) A schedule for completion of proposed actions.
	In the event that the unauthorized discharge causes or may with reasonable probability cause water pollution in excess of the standards and requirements of Section 20.6.2.4103 NMAC, and the water pollution will not be abated within 180 days after notice is required to be given pursuant to Paragraph (1) of Subsection A of 20.6.2.1203 NMAC, the permittee may be required to abate water pollution pursuant to Sections 20.6.2.4000 through 20.6.2.4115 NMAC.
	Nothing in this condition shall be construed as relieving the permittee of the obligation to comply with all requirements of Section 20.6.2.1203 NMAC. [20.6.2.1203 NMAC]
29.	In the event that NMED or the permittee identifies any failures of the discharge plan or this Discharge Permit not specifically noted herein, NMED may require the permittee to submit a corrective action plan and a schedule for completion of corrective actions to address the failure(s). Additionally, NMED may require a Discharge Permit modification to achieve compliance with 20.6.2 NMAC.
	[Subsection A of 20.6.2.3107 NMAC, Subsection E of 20.6.2.3109 NMAC]

D. CLOSURE PLAN

Permanent Facility Closure Conditions

#	Terms and Conditions
30.	In the event a facility, or a component of a facility, is proposed to be permanently closed, upon ceasing discharging, the permittee shall perform the following closure measures.
	 Within 90 days of ceasing discharging to the treatment system, the permittee shall complete the following closure measures. a) The line leading to the system shall be plugged so that a discharge can no longer occur. b) Wastewater in the system components [and storage impoundment(s)] shall be evaporated, or drained and disposed of in accordance with all local, state, and federal regulations. The discharge of accumulated solids (sludge) to the re-use area is prohibited. c) Solids removed from the treatment system shall be contained, transported, and disposed of in accordance with all local, state, and federal regulations, including 40 CFR Part 503. The permittee shall maintain a record of all solids transported for off-site disposal. Within 180 days of ceasing discharging to the treatment system (or unit), the permittee shall complete the following closure measures. a) Remove all lines leading to and from the treatment system, or permanently plug them and abandon them in place. b) Remove or demolish all treatment system components, and re-grade area with suitable fill to blend with surface topography, promote positive drainage and prevent
	when all closure and post-closure requirements have been met, the permittee may
	submit a written request for termination of the Discharge Permit to NMED.
	[Subsection A of 20.6.2.3107 NMAC, Subsection D of 20.6.2.4103 NMAC, 40 CFR Part 503]

E. GENERAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS

#	Terms and Conditions
31.	RECORD KEEPING - The permittee shall maintain a written record of:
	 information and data used to complete the application for this Discharge Permit; any releases (commonly known as "spills") not authorized under this Discharge
	Permit and reports submitted pursuant to 20.6.2.1203 NMAC;
	• the operation, maintenance, and repair of all facilities/equipment used to treat,

#	Terms and Conditions
	store or dispose of wastewater; facility record drawings (plans and specifications) showing the actual construction of the facility and bear the seal and signature of a licensed New Mexico professional engineer; copies of monitoring reports completed and/or submitted to NMED pursuant to this Discharge Permit; the volume of wastewater or other wastes discharged pursuant to this Discharge Permit; groundwater quality and wastewater quality data collected pursuant to this Discharge Permit; copies of construction records (well log) for all groundwater monitoring wells required to be sampled pursuant to this Discharge Permit; the maintenance, repair, replacement or calibration of any monitoring equipment or flow measurement devices required by this Discharge Permit; and data and information related to field measurements, sampling, and analysis conducted pursuant to this Discharge Permit, including: the dates, location and times of sampling or field measurements; the name and job title of the individuals who performed each sample collection or field measurement; the sample analysis date of each sample the name and address of the laboratory, and the name of the signatory authority for the laboratory analysis; the analytical technique or method used to analyze each sample or collect each field measurement; the results of each analysis or field measurement, including raw data; the results of each analysis or field measurement, including raw data; the results of any split, spiked, duplicate or repeat sample; and a copy of the laboratory analysis chain-of-custody as well as a description of the quality assurance and quality control procedures used. The written record shall be maintained by the permittee at a location accessible during a facility inspection by NMED for a period of at least five years from the date of application, report, collection or measurement and shall be made available to the department upon request.
	[Subsections A and D of 20.6.2.3107 NMAC]
32.	INSPECTION and ENTRY – The permittee shall allow inspection by NMED of the facility and its operations that are subject to this Discharge Permit and the WQCC regulations. NMED may upon presentation of proper credentials, enter at reasonable times upon or through any premises in which a water contaminant source is located or in which are located any records required to be maintained by regulations of the federal government or the WQCC.

#	Terms and Conditions
	The permittee shall allow NMED to have access to and reproduce for their use any copy of the records, and to perform assessments, sampling or monitoring during an inspection for the purpose of evaluating compliance with this Discharge Permit and the WQCC regulations.
	Nothing in this Discharge Permit shall be construed as limiting in any way the inspection and entry authority of NMED under the WQA, the WQCC Regulations, or any other local, state or federal regulations.
	[Subsection D of 20.6.2.3107 NMAC, NMSA 1978, §§ 74-6-9.B and 74-6-9.E]
33.	DUTY to PROVIDE INFORMATION - The permittee shall, upon NMED's request, allow for NMED's inspection/duplication of records required by this Discharge Permit and/or furnish to NMED copies of such records. [Subsection D of 20.6.2.3107 NMAC]
34.	MODIFICATIONS and/or AMENDMENTS – In the event the permittee proposes a change to the facility or the facility's discharge that would result in a change in the volume discharged; the location of the discharge; or in the amount or character of water contaminants received, treated or discharged by the facility, the permittee shall notify NMED prior to implementing such changes. The permittee shall obtain approval (which may require modification of this Discharge Permit) by NMED prior to implementing such changes. [Subsection C of 20.6.2.3107 NMAC, Subsections E and G of 20.6.2.3109 NMAC]
35.	PLANS and SPECIFICATIONS – In the event the permittee is proposing to construct a wastewater system or change a process unit of an existing system such that the quantity or quality of the discharge will change substantially from that authorized by this Discharge Permit, the permittee shall submit construction plans and specifications to NMED for the proposed system or process unit prior to the commencement of construction. In the event the permittee implements changes to the wastewater system authorized by this Discharge Permit that result in only a minor effect on the character of the discharge, the permittee shall report such changes (including the submission of record drawings, where applicable) as of January 1 and June 30 of each year to NMED. [Subsections A and C of 20.6.2.1202 NMAC, NMSA 1978, §§ 61-23-1 through 61-23-321]
26	[32]
36.	CIVIL PENALTIES - Any violation of the requirements and conditions of this Discharge Permit, including any failure to allow NMED staff to enter and inspect records or facilities, or any refusal or failure to provide NMED with records or information, may

Terms and Conditions subject the permittee to a civil enforcement action. Pursuant to WQA 74-6-10(A) and (B), such action may include a compliance order requiring compliance immediately or in a specified time, assessing a civil penalty, modifying or terminating the Discharge Permit, or any combination of the foregoing; or an action in district court seeking injunctive relief, civil penalties, or both. Pursuant to WQA 74-6-10(C) and 74-6-10.1, civil penalties of up to \$15,000 per day of noncompliance may be assessed for each violation of the WQA 74-6-5, the WQCC Regulations, or this Discharge Permit, and civil penalties of up to \$10,000 per day of noncompliance may be assessed for each violation of any other provision of the WQA, or any regulation, standard, or order adopted pursuant to such other provision. In any action to enforce this Discharge Permit, the permittee waives any objection to the admissibility as evidence of any data generated pursuant to this Discharge Permit. [20.6.2.1220 NMAC, NMSA 1978, §§ 74-6-10 and 74-6-10.1] 37. CRIMINAL PENALTIES – No person shall: make any false material statement, representation, certification or omission of material fact in an application, record, report, plan or other document filed, submitted or required to be maintained under the WQA; falsify, tamper with or render inaccurate any monitoring device, method or record required to be maintained under the WQA; or fail to monitor, sample or report as required by a permit issued pursuant to a state or federal law or regulation. Any person who knowingly violates or knowingly causes or allows another person to violate the requirements of this condition is guilty of a fourth degree felony and shall be sentenced in accordance with the provisions of NMSA 1978, § 31-18-15. Any person who is convicted of a second or subsequent violation of the requirements of this condition is guilty of a third degree felony and shall be sentenced in accordance with the provisions of NMSA 1978, § 31-18-15. Any person who knowingly violates the requirements of this condition or knowingly causes another person to violate the requirements of this condition and thereby causes a substantial adverse environmental impact is guilty of a third degree felony and shall be sentenced in accordance with the provisions of NMSA 1978, § 31-18-15. Any person who knowingly violates the requirements of this condition and knows at the time of the violation that he is creating a substantial danger of death or serious bodily injury to any other person is guilty of a second degree felony and shall be sentenced in accordance with the provisions of NMSA 1978, § 31-18-15. [20.6.2.1220 NMAC, NMSA 1978, §§ 74-6-10.2.A through 74-6-10.2.F] COMPLIANCE with OTHER LAWS - Nothing in this Discharge Permit shall be 38. construed in any way as relieving the permittee of the obligation to comply with any other applicable federal, state, and/or local laws, regulations, zoning requirements,

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	nuisance ordinances, permits or orders.
	[NMSA 1978, § 74-6-5.L]
39.	RIGHT to APPEAL - The permittee may file a petition for review before the WQCC on this Discharge Permit. Such petition shall be in writing to the WQCC within thirty days of the receipt of postal notice of this Discharge Permit and shall include a statement of the issues to be raised and the relief sought. Unless a timely petition for review is made, the decision of NMED shall be final and not subject to judicial review.
	[20.6.2.3112 NMAC, NMSA 1978, § 74-6-5.0]
40.	TRANSFER of DISCHARGE PERMIT - Prior to the transfer of any ownership, control, or possession of this facility or any portion thereof, the permittee shall: • notify the proposed transferee in writing of the existence of this Discharge Permit; • include a copy of this Discharge Permit with the notice; and • deliver or send by certified mail to NMED a copy of the notification and proof that such notification has been received by the proposed transferee. Until both ownership and possession of the facility have been transferred to the transferee, the permittee shall continue to be responsible for any discharge from the facility. [20.6.2.3111 NMAC]
41.	PERMIT FEES - Payment of permit fees is due at the time of Discharge Permit approval. Permit fees shall be paid in a single payment or shall be paid in equal installments on a yearly basis over the term of the Discharge Permit. Single payments shall be remitted to NMED no later than 30 days after the Discharge Permit effective date. Initial installment payments shall be remitted to NMED no later than 30 days after the Discharge Permit effective date; subsequent installment payments shall be remitted to NMED no later than the anniversary of the Discharge Permit effective date. Permit fees are associated with issuance of this Discharge Permit. Nothing in this Discharge Permit shall be construed as relieving the permittee of the obligation to pay all permit fees assessed by NMED. A permittee that ceases discharging or does not commence discharging from the facility during the term of the Discharge Permit shall pay all permit fees assessed by NMED. An approved Discharge Permit shall be suspended or terminated if the facility fails to remit an installment payment by its due date. [Subsection F of 20.6.2.3114 NMAC, NMSA 1978, § 74-6-5.K]

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V. PERMIT TERM & SIGNATURE

EFFECTIVE DATE: [effective date] TERM ENDS: [expiration date]

[Subsection H of 20.6.2.3109 NMAC, NMSA 1978, § 74-6-5.I]

